THE DAILY MEMPHIS AVALANCHE.

By Gallaway, Hampton & Co.) MEMPHIS, SUNDAY, JUNE 23, 1867. (Volume Nine—Number 147

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

Able, Dan & Co., recruiters and dealers in foreign and domestic liquors, No. 5 Bradley block.

Allen, Cameron & Co., produce and commission mer chants Charleston avenue, near M. & C. R. R. Depot.

Bradford & Buckingham, cotton factors and general commission merchants, No. 290 Front street, upstairs.

Buckly, F., manufacturer of gentlemen's boots and shoes No. 341 Main street.

Bucklock & Co., booksellers and stationers, 315 Main street.

Brown & Gruber, attorneys at law, over Tennessee National Bank, corner Jefferson and Main.

Boone, O. C., & Co., cotton factors and general commission merchants, 21 Jefferson street.

Bringier, S. B., general railroad and steamboat ticket agent, 5 Jefferson street.

Bourne & Co., James T., steamboat agents, 13 Jefferson street.

Brown, Dillard & Co., cotton factors and tobacco agents, 261 Front street.

Citizens' Union Bank, 22 Madison street.

Commercial Hotel, D. Bryson, proprietor, corner Front and Jefferson streets.

Cowden, Dr. A. S., medicine office in Bethel Block, corner of Court and Main streets.

Cox & Humphreys, produce and commission merchants No. 1 Howard Row.

Cunningham, Dickson, flour merchant, 250 Front street.

Chamberlin & Co., C., job printers, blank book manufacturers and stationery, 197 Main street.

Dickinson, John A., carpets, furniture, oil cloth, etc., etc. (trvig Block.

Dickinson, J. W., & Bro., cotton factors, general commission and produce merchants, No. 310 Front street.

Emmons & Son, newspaper and periodical agents, 10 Jefferson street.

Eastland & Gilbert, wholesale and retail dealers in queensware, china, glass, etc., 286 Main street.

Edmondson & Wynn, cotton factors and general commission merchants, 111 1-2 Union street, Memphis, Tenn.

Emmet Savings Institution, 7 Madison street.

Elson Brothers, mammoth cheap dry goods store, 297 Main street.

Foster, Guynn & Co., grocers and cotton factors, 320 Front street.

Falls, J. W. & Co., druggists, 231 Main street.

Fissle, Beckham & Chapman, groceries and family supplies, 345 Main street.

Farrington & Howell, grocers, cotton factors and commission merchants, 302 Front street.

Fitzgerald & Co., H., grocers, produce dealers and commission merchants, 274 Front street.

Ford & Co., J. B., manufacturers and dealers in saddles, harness, etc., 357½ Main street.

Gaines, Wood & Co., cotton factors and general commission merchants, No. 324 Front street, Memphis, Tenn.

Garner Hauser, D. Cockrell, proprietor, Shelby, between the Gayoso and McNeil streets.

Goodbar & Gilliland, exclusive wholesale dealers in boots, shoes and hats, 226 Main street, up-stairs.

Guy, Alden & McGrew, commission and forwarding merchants, etc., 307½ Main street.

Glover, Dr. L. C., practices in the electic system; Virginia House, Adams street, Memphis, Tennessee.

Goodloe & Isbell, Stave dealers, 160 Main street.

Gospel, Leopold, music dealer, 275 Main street.

Greeley & Co., George M., grocers and cotton factors, 345 Main street.

Gunslinger, J., dealer in spectacles, 217½ Main street.

Hart, H. W. & B. N., attorneys at law, 42 Madison street Desoto Block.

Howell, Wood & Co., wholesale and retail dealers in family groceries, and supply dealers, 342 Main street, Memphis.

Hattie & Co., P. L., importers and wholesale dealers in drugs, 61 North Court street, Memphis, Tenn.

Harwood, Larry, Steamboat Agent, No. 14 Jefferson street.

Hernando Insurance Company, No. 13 Jefferson street.

Jones & Co., J. W. A., wholesale and retail grocers, cotton factors and general commission merchants, 326 Front st.

Johnson & Co., W. J., steamboat agents, Star Wharfboat, foot of Jefferson street.

Knight, Wm. B., dry goods, clothing, notions, etc., 195 Main street.

Keller, Dr. J. M., office Jefferson street, Avalanche Editorial Rooms. Residence at General Hospital.

Leopold, Dr. Dell., eye and ear dispensary, Main street, opposite Overton hotel.

Lawrence & Carter, general commission and for warding merchants, 228 Front street.

Levy & Co., A. S., auctioneers, Second street, between Main and Jefferson.

Lukbauer & Brother, agents, boot and shoemakers 265½ Second street.

Lane & Saunders, real estate agents, 328 Front street.

Leidy & Miller, Dealers in hats, caps, straw goods, etc., No. 345 Main street.

Levy and Miller, general steamboat agents and forwarders

Lowenstein, B., staple and fancy dry goods, 242 Main street.

Mardwell & Anderson, marble works, 19 Union street.

Moore, Whitfield & Rayner, cotton factors, storage and general commission merchants, 304 Front street, Memphis

Mc Kinney, Bryson & Co., dealers in furniture, carpets oil cloth, 220 Main street, McKinney's old stand.

Memphis Insurance Co., 274 Madison street.

Merchants' National Bank, No. 5 Jefferson street.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad, office No. 5 Jefferson street, under Commercial Hotel.

Millar & Walker, attorneys at law, Bethel Block.

McClure, J. H., architect and engineer, Stillman Block, corner of Court and Second streets.

Messervat & Montgomery, real estate agents, 272 Second street.

Merriken & Bro., liquor dealers, 281 Main street.

Moseley, J. H., coal dealer, 19 Union street.

Mastin & Donegan, cotton factors, commission and forwarding merchants, 230 Front street.

Mardwell & Anderson, marble works, No. 19 Union street, between second and Third.

Mathes & Co., George, wholesale grocers, cotton factors and general commission merchants, 272 Front street.

Murray & Ridgely, merchant tailor, No. 31 Madison street, Memphis.

McCaffrey & Cornelius, general undertakers and embalmers of the dead, 317 Second street, Memphis, Tenn.

Miles & Stoddard, auctioneers, 271 Main street.

Murray & Ridgely, merchant tailors, 3 Madison street.

Meriken Brothers, staple and fancy dry goods, 267 Main street.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad Office, corner Main and South Court streets.

Mitchell & Hoffman, manufacturers of furniture, desiccated carpets, etc., 30 Main street and 36 Monroe.

Moore & Co., cotton factors and general commission merchants, 14 Monroe street.

Nevils & Rose, grocers and cotton factors, 178 Front street

Owen, Moore & West, Life, Fire and Marine Insurance Agents, 260 Main and 274 Madison streets.

Orr & Co., wholesale millinery supplies, 218 Second street.

Pattison & Co., George, booksellers and stationers, 28 North Court street.

Pierce & Harbert, cotton and tobacco factors and general commission merchants, 14 Monroe street.

Plummer, Carey & Co., produce and commission merchants, 198 Main street.

Power & McGhee, merchant tailors, 238 Second street.

Pollak, W. C., Superintendent Memphis and St. Louis Packet Company, foot of Jefferson street.

People's Bank of Tennessee, 12 Madison street.

People's Insurance Company, W. B. Greenlaw, President, 20 Madison street.

Pickering & Co., W. H., General Auctioneers, Vincent Block, second street.

Perkins, Livingston & Peet, cotton gins, presses and hydraulic machinery, 68 Main street, Memphis, Tenn.

Plummer, F. S., general storage, commission and cotton merchant, 26 Main street, Webster block.

Price & Terry, cotton factors, 15 Union street.

Patrick & Co., J. M., cotton factors, 254 Front street.

Planters' Insurance Company of Tennessee, 272 Front street.

Price & Yeatman, dealers in tobacco and flour, and general commission merchants, 264 Front street.

Price & Terry, cotton factors and commission merchants, 15 Union street.

Pettibone, Geo. & Co., booksellers and stationers, 26

WANTS.

WANTED—TO PLANTERS AND HOTEL KEEPERS and all others in want of help in the city or country, to call at the leading employment office of the city, where they can be supplied with help of any kind, white or black, male or female, from the cook, waiter and chambermaid and dining room girls, nurses to travel North, to the cook and white boys for steamers; or city and country washing, porters, clerks or men to work in any capacity. I have also packers and manufacturers of the first class, and if every kind, will be supplied on short notice by applying to

WILLIAM DARDIS,
jes1-3t* General Intelligence Office, No. 2 Adams street.

WANTED—A SITUATION—A wholesale grocery preferred, by a young man who is conversant with the business, and who can come security if required. Wages to suit. Best city references given. Salary a secondary object. Address "A. B.," care simpson, Hadden & Co., 332 Front street, Memphis. jes21-1w

WANTED—The owner of a New Press, with red lining which I picked up on Washington street last night. Call at 218 Poplar street, describe property, how you came to lose it, and pay for this advertisement. R. A. McGINNIS,
218 Poplar street.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Residence, No. 359 Main street; five rooms basement and servant's room. None but a good tenant need apply. Terms made known on the premises. jes9-2t

FOR RENT—A nice RESIDENCE on Beal street, south side, third door west of Orleans street, within one square of the Beal street cars. Rent low. Office, 4 good tenant until 1st of December. Apply at Allen House, corner Washington and Second streets, or to W. V. ALLEN,
jes19-3t 321 Main street.

FOR RENT—Four nice sleeping Rooms. Any one wanting a good and pleasant room can get one cheap by early application to FRANK SALLARMARCHIA,
jes14-1w No. 15 Jefferson street.

FOR RENT—If you want a neat COTTAGE with five rooms, a good cellar, pleasantly situated in a healthy locality, then call at Avery street, No. 32, without delay. jes

FOR RENT—STORES and OFFICES in Rodolfo new block, corner Second and Main streets. Apply in the building to P. G. MITCHELL, or S. P. WALKER, Jr., in House No. 1 and 5. ma25-tf

FOR RENT—The back ROOM on fourth floor of AVALANCHE Building. Apply at AVALANCHE counting room.

BOARDING.

BOARDING—For rent, with board, a large, airy, front room, to the house northwest corner Second and Washington street, No. 191. Apply on the premises, up stairs to Mrs. SMITH. jes14

BOARDING—A pleasant ROOM, with board for a gentleman or lady; at reasonable rates; also, a few day boarders can be accommodated, at No. 394 Second street, between Gayoso and Beal streets. References exchanged. ma31-tf

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

FOR SALE—THE ROBERT EMMET SALOON, immediately under the office of Squire Creighton. This is one of the best paying saloons in the city. A bargain can be had if application is made in a short time, on the premises. 346 Third street. jes9-1w

FOR SALE—Three BRUNSWICK BILLIARD TABLES, in good order, all complete. Apply to HONBARRAT & MONTGOMERY, 331 Gayoso Block.

FOR SALE—A large, first-class, WATER-TANK, in good order. Apply at this office. ma31-tf

REWARDS.

$25 REWARD—STRAYED—From the subscriber, living on Gayoso street, about seven miles below Memphis, one large BAY HORSE, bald face, has had the distemper, has a fresh cut or scrape in front of the right knee, and was in good condition when last seen. The above reward will be paid if delivered to me, or to Williamson, Hill & Co., Memphis.
jes5-3w E. LAWRANCE.

$10 REWARD—STRAYED—the large SORREL MULE belonging to the estate of Michael Garrity, deceased, with a short tail, halter dragged on left fore foot, sore on the left side of his back over the saddle place, and was last seen on Saturday, the 6th inst., on the Hernando road. Any person delivering the above described mule to Justice Porter's office, or the undersigned, will receive the above reward.
jes10-3t* FRED A. MYERS.

SPECIAL NOTICES, ETC.

NOTICE I—HERREBY GIVEN, that the firm of HICKS & SMITH was dissolved February 28, A. D., 1867, and that the undersigned has taken the stock of goods, the notes and accounts of said firm, to secure the sum of $1,200; and the public are warned against trading for said goods, etc., as the same is now in litigation.
[10-6t] R. K. SMITH.

NOTICE—OFFICE HERNANDO INSURANCE COMPANY, MEMPHIS, June 3, 1867.—The annual election for seven Directors will be held at the office of the Company on MONDAY, July 8, pruximo, between the hours of 9 A.M. and 3 P.M.
jes6-6t* J. BROAD, Secretary.

NOTICE—At a meeting of the Corporators of the Memphis Mining and Manufacturing Company, held this day, it was resolved that the office of Messrs. Carr, Cunningham, Hicks & Malone, No. 18½ Union street, for the purpose of receiving subscriptions to the capital stock of said company, and that they be held open for ten days from and after this date.
W. R. CUNNINGHAM,
W. F. HURT,
jes16-10t Corporators.

NOTICE—An Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Southern Life Insurance Company will be held at the office of the Company, in Memphis, Tenn., on the 15th DAY OF JULY, at 9 o'clock a.m., for the election of Directors for the ensuing year.
BEN MAY,
jes12-td Secretary.

MOTH AND FRECKLES—The only reliable remedy for MOTH PATCHES and FRECKLES, is FERRY'S MOTH AND FRECKLE LOTION, prepared only by Dr. B. C. FERRY, Dermatologist, 49 Bond street, New York. Sold by all druggists in Memphis and elsewhere. Price $2 per bottle. jes1-3m

NOTICE—To the Creditors of Michael Garrity—I will apply on the 1st Monday in May next in the County Court of Shelby for letters of administration on the estate of Michael Garrity, deceased.
jes6-3w MARTIN GARRITY.

NOTICE—All persons having claims against the estate of Thomas Meehan, deceased, will present the same, authenticated in the form, for settlement or payment; and those indebted to the estate will come forward and make payment.
CHARLES MEEHAN,
jes-lawsw Administrator, etc.

NOTICE—At the May term of the County Court, I obtained Letters of Administration on the estate of SOCRATUS MURPHY, deceased. All creditors of the estate are notified to file their claims, properly certified, with me, as my name, at my office from the city, on the Hernando road, and all indebted to the estate are notified to come forward and settle immediately.
jes1-lawsw A. MADDEN.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR SENATOR—We are authorized to announce Hon. JOHN W. SMITH as a candidate for re-election as Senator from Shelby and Fayette counties. apr16

FOR CONGRESS—We are authorized to announce Hon. D. W. LEFTWICH as a candidate for re-election to Congress. apr16-tf

SUNDAY, : : : : : : : : : JUNE 23, 1867

"My dear children," said an old rat to his young ones, "the infirmities of age are pressing so heavily upon me that I have determined to dedicate the short remainder of my days to mortification and penance, in a narrow and lonely hole which I have lately discovered; but let me not interfere with your enjoyments; youth is the season for pleasure; be happy, therefore, and only obey my last injunction—never to come near me in my retreat. God bless you all!" Deeply affected, snivelling audibly, and wiping his paternal eyes with his tail, the old rat withdrew, and was seen no more for a long time, when his youngest daughter, moved rather by filial affection than by that curiosity which has been attributed to the sex, stole to his cell of mortification, which turned out to be a hole, made by his own teeth, in—an enormous Cheshire cheese! He had grown so fat in his new home that he could not get out at the hole in which he had eaten his road.

When the late war broke out there were many original secessionists who were panting for independence and glory. Wiping their eyes with big bandanas, they left for Dixie. But instead of enduring the hardships of the camp, the march and the battlefield, most of them got fat offices. They eat their way into a big cheese. Fat as they were, they had no trouble in getting out of Dixie, but they did have great difficulties in bringing back the immense money they had made. Indeed, some of them haven't yet collected up the wealth which they picked out of the carcass of the poor old Confederacy. These are the only Southern men who now traduce the AVALANCHE. Show us a one-legged soldier, and we will show you a man of principle. Point out to us a rat who grew fat by eating his way into a big cheese during the war, and we will show you a man who cares nothing for the right. Show us a man who has lost all, or a soldier whose musket was heard in the fiery hell of battle, and we will show you a man whose big soul chafes under the chains of despotism, and who will give something to the Conservative cause. But whenever you find one who made money out of the war, you will see a SHYLOCK, too busy in counting out the gains he made out of the blood of his poor country to think of such small matters as liberty, justice and equality.

The Spartans loved principles more than they did money. When they were bedeviled and persecuted by enemies, they did not cower and cringe to save their property, but they consulted as to how they should dispose of their wealth in order to free themselves from their tormentors. When LYSANDER convoked the people together, AGIS proposed that every one should dedicate their wealth to the success of the cause, and be offered to make the first sacrifice by giving up all his immense lands and money. How strangely does this conduct contrast with the avarice of the present day. In this State we are engaged in an exciting contest. Property, liberty, life, are all involved in the struggle, and we have men in our midst who not only refuse to aid the Conservative party, but have expressed a desire to see the BROWNLOW despotism perpetuated! This class of men are willing to kick their principles to the dogs, and to lick the feet of power if thrift will thereby follow fawning. The men who lost all and made nothing by the war, are actuated by an innate conception of truth and right, while those who lost nothing and made money during the war, are willing to endure slavery rather than risk the loss of a few dollars. They curse the pestilent AVALANCHE, and twaddle in bad English about its injurious policy, when all the AVALANCHE asks, is for the Southern people to be let alone, that they be placed upon the same footing of the negro; that the past be buried; that we all submit to the law; that there be no militia in times of peace to murder unarmed men, or to ride old men on rails, and, above all, we have asked that there be no Confiscation and Indemnity bills passed to spunge up rich men's property. This is the head and front of our offending. If these "curmudgeons" suppose that there is a better policy in deceit, duplicity and toadyism, they are most egregiously mistaken. There is no appeasing of fanaticism. One concession only invites a new demand. The thunders of public opinion is the only thing that will terrify despotism. If there was no wealth in our midst our people would present a united front. All would then give something to beat back the tyrants, and victory would be certain. But if the true men cannot win success than accomplish more, they can prove themselves worthy of it. Then let us continue the struggle. Nor do we despair of success. Our friends elsewhere are sanguine. The fraud and corruption carried on in this city in the registration of voters has induced some to retire from the contest with disgust; but "fight on—fight ever," has always been the battle cry of freemen struggling with despotism. He who quietly submits his neck to the yoke is a slave, unworthy of the liberty which every noble soul craves.

WHAT has the Radical party done that it should be continued in power? Taking hold of the Government in a time of profound peace, and when the national prosperity of the nation surpassed that of any people on the globe, they have, in six years, made a wonderful change in the aspect of affairs. They have loaded the nation with an enormous debt, and burdened the people with intolerable taxation. In the State of New York this taxation amounts to twenty-one dollars to each man. In our own State it will soon amount to more than this. They have made the whole land an "Aceidema," a vast field of blood. They have spilled the blood of more than a half million of brave men. They have impoverished the South, and brought famine on the inhabitants. They have stricken down civil liberty and placed eight millions of people under the iron heel of despotism. They have created standing armies in the time of peace, and stationed lawless bands in quiet neighborhoods to overawe and pillage and browbeat a conquered but law abiding people. They have suspended the writ of habeas corpus and destroyed the right of trial by jury. They have taken the ministers of the living God from the sanctuary and confined them in felon's cells for no other crime than praying for a suffering people. Without law, or judge, or trial, they have shot down these ministers like dogs. This has been done more than once in Missouri, and has been threatened, if not perpetrated, in East Tennessee. They have confined innocent women in foul and unwholesome prisons, or turned them out on the commons to perish like beasts. They have deprived the Southern people of millions of dollars worth of property, and, like the horse-leech, they still cry for more, With more cruelty than SHYLOCK, they cry for the pound of flesh. With Columbia in ashes, Atlanta in flames, Charleston in ruins, whole States laid waste, thousands of women and children in want, they still cry confiscate—ruin. SHYLOCK only wanted his pound of flesh from his one debtor; but they are asking their pounds of flesh from the shriveled forms of those that owe them nothing, and from whom they have taken all. The Southern people are sitting in sackcloth and ashes, at the king's gate, and these Radicals, worse than HAMAN, have their gallows erected to hang all the MORDECAIS in the land. Their women are more cruel than he famous ATTALIAH, and more vindictive than the heartless JEZEBEL. They have denounced the Southern people as traitors, and now they demand that we shall sink to the depth of infamy by voluntarily consenting to place the brand on our own brows. And is it come to this? Must JACKSON be written a traitor by his companions in arms? Yes, LONGSTREET has taken the pen and with his own sign manual has written JACKSON, and LEE, and HILL, and FORREST, and last of all himself, traitors, all, either filling graves of infamy, or deserving a traitor's doom. Truly the pen is more powerful than the sword, for it covers with infamy that sword that flashed and gleamed among the brightest in the glorious army of Northern Virginia.

But can the people of the South ever join this Radical party? From such a coalition may heaven deliver us. We can bear denunciation, imprisonment, poverty, death, but we cannot bear a union with THAD. STEVENS and WILLIAM G. BROWNLOW. We might herd with wild beasts and seek hiding places in their dens, but never can we herd with a party whose banner is as black as ever floated over the blood stained deck of a pirate. With hope and fear we look to the future—with hope to be delivered from the most infamous party that ever gloated and fattened on the blood of patriots—with fear that these Jacobins may register still blacker crimes than ever before disgraced humanity or crushed the life out of a brave people.

Fred. Douglass is coming South to take the stump and speak upon political subjects.

Five hundred thousand dollars arrived at St. Joseph, Missouri, from Fort Benton, on the 14th.

General Joseph A. Cooper, commander in chief of the Brownlow militia, has established his headquarters at Nashville.

Hon. Henry Dodge, formerly United States Senator from Wisconsin, died at Burlington, Iowa, on Wednesday evening. His age was eighty-five.

Dr. Joseph Stevens, of Hancock county, Maine, paid a tax on a gold watch the other day, remarking that he paid a tax on the same watch during the war of 1812.

Frank Hiscock has been nominated to fill his murdered brother's vacant place in the New York Constitutional Convention, by the Republicans of Syracuse.

Speaking of Foote and female suffrage, the Petersburg *Index* says: There has been no vagary started in this country for fifty years that this foot didn't get into it sooner or later.

The second grand division of the State of Illinois, which gave 7044 majority for the Radicals in November, now elects a Democratic Conservative Judge by a majority of 4000.

Governor Brownlow has commuted the sentence of Thomas Taylor and Albert Gant, sentenced to be hanged at Gallatin in July, for the murder of Captain Harris, to imprisonment for life.

Ex-Governor Parsons, of Alabama, is on his way to Washington with a numerously signed protest against the reinstatement of Mayor Withers, of Mobile, and the other officials removed by General Pope.

The killing of a negro near Franklin, Tennessee, by Mr. J. C. C. Morton, was provoked as follows: The negro first threw stones at Morton, and then seized him by the throat. Morton drew a pistol and shot him three times.

Eliza North, a simple half-breed, twenty-five years old, died at Harlem, eight miles west of Chicago, on Tuesday. She attempted to produce an abortion with a small glass syringe, which an unconscientious doctor had sold her for thirty-five dollars.

Governor Patton is in Florence. The *Journal* says he has left his responsible and perplexing official position at Montgomery for the purpose of being present at the examination of the Florence Synodical college here.

Samuel Gregory, of Delaware county, in Ohio, recently hung his "warmus" in a bush, while repairing a worm fence. An old sow came along and "chowed" the garment, lacerating a roll of greenbacks in one of the pockets, containing seventeen hundred dollars, which were rendered orthless.

BY TELEGRAPH

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, June 22.

The following circular letter has just been issued:

HON. ——— DEAR SIR: In view of the recent decision of the Attorney General of the United States, and the action of the Administration, I am requested by many Republican Senators and Representatives to remind you of the very great importance of your being punctually present in your place, to answer to your name, when the two Houses shall assemble, at twelve o'clock, July 3d, next. It is thought essential to secure a quorum. It is fit that it should only be to remain in session long enough to pass some declaratory acts on the subject of reconstruction.

Very truly and respectfully, etc.,
(Signed) B. C. SCHENCK,
Chairman Union Executive Committe.

Three or four more witnesses testified against Surratt to-day. A long argument ensued, on a motion by the counsel for defense, that they be allowed to recall witnesses, for the purpose of laying a foundation for discrediting them by cross examination. The object was to prove that Dyer, the first witness, made statements different from those made on the stand, and that another witness had acknowledged his corruption half an hour after he left the stand. The Court reserved its decision, and at 2:30 adjourned until Monday morning.

WASHINGTON, June 22.

The Merchants' National bank of Memphis has on its own application ceased to be a depository of public moneys and financial agent of the United States.

FOREIGN.

BIRMINGHAM, June 21.

The lull which succeeded the riot of last Tuesday still continues. The city police are still armed with cutlasses. Five hundred specials have been sworn in, but of these two hundred have been discharged.

Murphy, the anti-Popery lecturer, lectures every night. The disturbances may break out again.

LONDON, June 21.

Queen Victoria held court in the drawing room at Birmingham Palace to-day.

This afternoon Consols were quoted 94¼; Five-twenties, 75; Illinois Central, 79; Erie, 39; Atlantic and Great Western consolidated share, 25¾.

HAMBURG, June 22.

The steamer Borussia from New York arrived to-day.

LIVERPOOL, June 22—p.m.

Cotton closed dull; sale to day of 10,000 bales; middling uplands, 11¼d@11¾d; Orleans, 11¾d; Corn, 35s; Southern flour, 30s.

MONTPELIER.

MONTPELIER, Vt., June 22.

The Democratic State Convention nominated J. D. Edwards for Governor.

LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, June 22.

River falling, with five feet six inches in the canal.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, June 22.

The following letter from General Sickles has been received, wherein he asks to be relieved:

HEADQUARTERS SECOND MILITARY DISTRICT,
CHARLESTON, S. C., June 19.

To Adjutant General of the Army, War Department, Washington:

I have the honor to request that I may be relieved from command in this Military District. I respectfully demand a Court of Inquiry upon my official actions, that I may vindicate myself from the accusations of the Attorney General, published, it is presumed, with the approval of the President and Congress, that these so called State Governments are illegal. The declaration of the Attorney General, that the military authorities have not superceded them, prevents the execution of the Reconstruction act, and deprives me of much power to protect life, property or rights of citizens, and menaces all with ruin.

(Signed) D. E. SICKLES,
Major General Commanding.

The President and suite left here this morning at eight o'clock. General Gordon Granger, Collector Smyth, the Commission, and others, had joined the party.

BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, June 22.

The so-named Southern Orphan Gift Enterprise and Relief Association, whereby a large amount was raised suddenly came to grief last night. A quarrel arose among the managers. Funds have been collected, and are now in the hands of J. L. Hammond, the President of the association. The grand jury yesterday found presentments against the firm of Palmer & Co., for violation of the laws of Maryland, prohibiting lotterries. It is stated that only 30,000 out of 500,000 tickets have been sold, and most of the valuable prizes have been withdrawn from the scheme.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK MARKET.

NEW YORK, June 22.

Cotton a shade firmer; sales 1,400 bales; uplands 26½c. Flour 20@30c better—$17 80 for superfine western. Rye lower. Whisky steady. Corn 1@2c better—78@80c for western. Rye quiet. Coffee quiet. Sugar firm at 10½@11½c. Molasses dull. Pork firmer—$21 20 for new mess.

LOUISVILLE MARKET.

LOUISVILLE, June 22.

Sales of 123 hhds of tobacco at $2 80@20; Virginia bright leaf, $15. Superfine flour, $8. Wheat nominal. Corn, shelled, 85@88, delivered. Oats, 76@78, delivered. Rye, $1 40. Sugar, refined, advanced ½c. Mess pork, $21. Bacon—shoulders, 9, packed; clear sides, 12½; plain hams, 13½. Lard, tierces, 12. Raw whisky, in bond, 30.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

NEW ORLEANS, June 22.

Cotton dull; sales 600 bales; low middling, 24¼c; receipts, 736; exports, 6057. Sugar and molasses nominally unchanged. Flour steady and firm; XX jobbing, $10 50; XXX, $15 50. Corn firm; yellow and mixed, 75@76c; white, 90c. Oats firmer at 68@70c. Pork dull at $23. Bacon steady; shoulders, 10@10¼c; rib sides, 11¾c; clear sides, 13c. Whisky—only a retail trade at $1 75@2 25 for Western rectified. Coffee lower; fair to prime Rio, @25. Gold, 1138. Sterling, 143½@152. New York sight, ½ premium.

CINCINNATI MARKET.

CINCINNATI, June 22.

Flour active, 25c higher; family, $11 50@12 50; fancy, $13 50@15. Wheat firmer, 5@10c higher. Corn unchanged and higher, 75c. Oats steady, 67@68c. Rye dull and nominal, $1 20. Whisky steady, 30c in bond. Cotton dull and nominal, 23@24c for middling. Bulk pork nominally unchanged. Shoulders held at 7¾c; sides, 9¾c; bacon sides, 11¾@12¼c; clear rib and clear lard dull, 12c. Groceries firm and in good demand.

ST. LOUIS MARKET.

ST. LOUIS, June 22.

Tobacco well sustained. Cotton dull, 24c. Flour inactive; $9 00 for extra, $10 00@12 00 for double extra, and $14 00@15 50 for choice and fancy. Corn—prime and choice a little better, but medium and low grades dull and unchanged; prices range from 67@68c. Rye firm, $1 10¾. Mess pork lower, $21 00. Bacon, 8¾@9c for shoulders, 11½c for rib sides, and 12½@12½c for clear sides.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Dissolution.

THE law firm of HAYNES, HEATH & LEWIS is this day dissolved. The unfinished business of the firm will have the attention of each of us until it be closed up.

Landon C. Haynes has associated with him in the practice of the law, in all its branches, his son-in-law, Francis D. Stockton, and his son, Robert W. Haynes, and the style of their firm is HAYNES, STOCKTON & HAYNES. Offices in Vincent's Building, corner Main Court and Second streets.

E. K. Heath and A. M. Lewis are associated in the practice of the law, in all its branches, and may be found at the old office, Southeast corner Second and Union streets, up stairs. The style of their firm is HEATH & LEWIS.

The parties may be consulted in regard to their old business at their respective offices.

LANDON C. HAYNES,
E. K. HEATH,
A. M. LEWIS.

MEMPHIS, June 18, 1867. jes21-1m

NEW LAW FIRM.

LANDON C. HAYNES, FRANCIS D. STOCKTON, ROBT. W. HAYNES

HAYNES, STOCKTON & HAYNES,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
OFFICE:
Room No. 2, Second Floor, Vincent's Building,
Corner East Court and Second streets,
jes20-1m MEMPHIS, TENN.

To Pay Charges.

NOTICE—On the FIRST DAY OF JULY, 1867, I will proceed to sell, at the Auction Rooms of W. H. PASSMORE & CO., No. 90 Second street, the following goods, from the Memphis and Ohio railroad, to pay charges:

One bundle Bedding, marks R. W. Davis.
One bundle Bedding, marks Mrs. R. G. Clark.
Three trunks Clothing, marks Mrs. R. G. Clark.
Six Window Sash, marks Mrs T. L. Wendall.
Three Empty Kegs, marks Mrs. T. L. Wendall.
Two Grain Tubs, marks Wallace & Co.
One Saddle, marks Mrs. T. L. Wendall.
jes22 T. F. TOBIN.

Administrator's Sale.

WE will sell on TUESDAY next, at ten o'clock, at our Salesroom, the Furniture, Books, etc., of the estate of Thomas Cryder, deceased, consisting, in part, of valuable architectural books, plates, surveying instruments, etc.
jes22d BOYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.
Auctioneers.

R. F. CAFFERY ——— W. R. CORNELIUS

McCAFFERY & CORNELIUS,
From Nashville, Tennessee,
GENERAL UNDERTAKERS
No. 317 Second Street, near Monroe,
MEMPHIS, TENN.
June 23

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DIRECT IMPORTATION!

FILBERT, MINTER & WALKER

DIRECT IMPORTERS,
Ayres' Building, 274 Second Street.

Paris, Lyons, Mulhause, Rastraix, St. Etienne, Marseilles, and the

Leading Manufacturers of France.

AGENTS FOR THE MANUFACTURERS OF

WILL EXCHANGE FOR

Cotton, Staves, Wool, Tallow,

AND OTHER AMERICAN PRODUCE.

☞ Advances made on all Consignments to our house in Lyons, LYON & CO., or to our correspondents in HAVRE, MARSEILLES, CETTE, PORT VENDRE, or LIVERPOOL.
jes17

DRY GOODS!

Annual Closing Out Sale

—OF—

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS

—AT THE—

SOUTHERN DRY GOODS EMPORIUM

MENKEN BROTHERS,

NO. 263 MAIN STREET,

CORNER OF COURT.

WITH a view of closing out our present stock of Seasonable Goods, we will sell

Grenadines, Silk Embr'd, 25c.,
Grenadines, Silk Embr'd, 25c.,
Grenadines, Silk Embr'd, 25c.

We also offer at a sacrifice our entire stock of

Black Lace Pointes,
Black Lace Pointes,
Black Lace Pointes,

Beginning as low as $5 00.

Figured Linen Lawns, 30c.,
Figured Linen Lawns, 30c.,
Figured Linen Lawns, 30c.,
Figured Linen Lawns, 30c

Fine Linen Toweling, 12 1-2c.,
Fine Linen Toweling, 12 1-2c.,
Fine Linen Toweling, 12 1-2c.

Handsome Lawns and Lenos, 20c.,
Handsome Lawns and Lenos, 20c.,
Handsome Lawns and Lenos, 20c.

☞ The Ladies are invited to examine our stock and Prices.

Planters! Planters!

Wishing to supply their plantations, will find special inducements.
jes21f MENKEN BROTHERS,
Memphis, Tenn.

Notice to Stockholders.

OFFICE SOUTHERN ASYLUM,
HERNANDO, MISS., June 21, 1867.

AT a meeting of the Stockholders of the Southern Asylum, held this day in their office it was

Resolved, That all persons who have subscrib-d stock to the SOUTHERN ASYLUM be and they are hereby notified to come forward within ten days from date hereof, and pay up their subscriptions in full, in accordance with the provisions of the Charter.

Resolved, further, That in case of failure on the part of any Stockholder to comply with the above resolution, that he be released from liability in the Company for said stock, and required to return certificates issued to him and take up collaterals deposited.

By order THOMAS M. HALPIN,
jes22-1t Secretary.

COX & HUMPHREY,

Produce & Commission

MERCHANTS,

No. 1 Howard Row, Memphis, Tenn

June 23

AUCTION.

GREAT AUCTION SALE

AT

REID & BROTHER'S,

15 1-2 Jefferson Street.

THE largest stock of goods that has been offered at public sale in this city, embracing

FINE AND MEDIUM CLOTHING,
PIECE GOODS,

And a large assortment of FURNISHING GOODS.

Sale to commence at 3 o'clock p.m.

Will sell at private sale during the day. Come early and get your supply.

☞ Store for rent and Fixtures for sale.
jes13-2w REID & BROTHER,
15½ Jefferson street.

Sales Future Days.

PEREMPTORY AUCTION SALES!

THREE TEN ACRE LOTS.

WE will offer without reserve to the highest bidder, for cash, on

Wednesday, June 26, at 12 o'clock,

At our Salesroom, No. 278 Second street, Ayres' Building, THREE TEN ACRE LOTS, giving the choice of eighty acres of wood or cleared land in the Abercrombie tract, on the Raleigh road, four miles from the city. A map of the grounds may be seen at our office, and we will show the property to parties desirous of examining before sale. Title perfect.

Also, at the same time and place,

THREE BUILDING LOTS,

Thirty-four feet front by one hundred and eighty feet depth, situated in Hill's subdivision, east side of Walnut street, just south of Tate street.

TERMS—One-third cash; balance on a credit of one, two and three years, with interest.

These lots are well enclosed, and are strictly first class property. The sale is peremptory, and without reserve.

The situation is very desirable, being near the termination of the Vance street railroad and G. Ayres Academy.

BOYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.,
Auctioneers.
jes21d

AUCTION SALE
OF
VALUABLE CORNER LOT,
On Second and Poplar Streets.

WE are directed to offer at public sale,

On Thursday, June 27, at 11 o'clock,

Upon the premises

Immediately preceding the sale of the property of Anthony Sinnott,

That most valuable property at the NORTHEAST CORNER OF SECOND AND POPLAR STREETS, now owned by Alfred Graham, Esq., 264 feet square. The property will be subdivided into three lots of 264 feet each, fronting on Second street.

TERMS—Half cash; balance in six months, with interest, secured by deeds of trust.

☞ Title perfect.

BOYSTER TREZEVANT & Co.,
jes17 Auctioneers.

Five City Residences

At Public Sale.

BY direction of M. J. WICKS, Esq., trustee, we will sell to the highest bidder,

On Thursday, June 27, at 12 o'clock,

ON THE PREMISES,

FIVE BRICK DWELLINGS, three stories high, containing ten rooms each, situated in the Anthony Street Block, at the corner of Second and Poplar street, within half a square of Main street and the Union Hotel. This is one of the most valuable residence property in the city, possessing advantages of location which must always command good tenants at full prices.

Each house will be sold separately, and the purchaser will be entitled to receive the rent from the day of sale, as soon as the terms of sale are complied with.

THE SALE WILL BE POSITIVE AND WITHOUT RESERVE, upon the following terms: Fourth cash, balance on four and eight months, with lien retained and approved personal security. Title unquestionable.

BOYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.,
jes21d Auctioneers.

A. S. LEVY & CO.,

AUCTION AND COMMISSION

NO. 350 SECOND STREET,

Sales every day. Quick sales and prompt returns. jes 2m

The Buntyn

HOMESTEAD LANDS

FOR SALE.

WE have the pleasure of placing on the market these very desirable and valuable lands, so well known to the community as the Homestead Property of the late General Buntyn, Esq., situated at the first station on the Memphis and Charleston railroad, five miles east of the city. The improvements, with about twenty acres of land, have been sold to Hume F. Hill, Esq., who now resides upon the premises. The balance of the tract, consisting of about 600 acres, has been laid off in lots varying in size from five to ten acres, fronting upon broad avenues, and laid off as a farm in the greatest amount of comfort. The trains of the Memphis and Charleston railroad afford the opportunity of going in and out of the city from and to Buntyn's Station, four times a day, so as to make a residence at this point almost as convenient as to live in the city itself.

The choice can now be had of lots wholly or part in original forest, or in field.

IN EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY.

The executors are directed by the will to sell this place and invest in city property, and we will receive propositions to exchange for either improved or vacant lots in the city.

To all parties looking for a suburban residence, we do not think any property more desirable can be found, in regard to health, convenience or good neighborhood, within the same distance from the city.

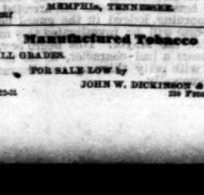
The terms will be made very liberal and easy, and the prices low to parties desirous of buying for occupation.

Plans of the subdivision will be shown at our office.
jes17-tf BOYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FRANKLIN

JOB PRINTING HOUSE



NO. 15 WEST COURT STREET,

S. C. TOOF, Prop'r.

CARDS, BILL HEADS, CIRCULARS, LETTER HEADS, ENVELOPES, BILLS OF LADING, DRAY TICKETS, LABELS, TICKETS, NOTES, RECEIPTS, BOOKS AND EVERY KIND OF

MERCANTILE PRINTING

Executed in the best manner and

AT THE LOWEST RATES.

Orders are respectfully solicited and the most perfect satisfaction in all cases.
jes22-tf

ALEX. MURRAY ——— A. S. RIDGELY.

MURRAY & RIDGELY.

(Late of Alexandria, Va.)

MERCHANT TAILORS,

NO. 32 MADISON STREET,

ARE just opening an entirely new stock of

Merchant Tailoring Good .

We make every garment ourselves, and will guarantee satisfaction guaranteed in every respect.
jes18

R. D. LAWRENCE ——— C. R. CARTER
Memphis. Late with Halliday Bro., Cairo.

LAWRENCE & CARTER,

General Commission & Forwarding

MERCHANTS,

228 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.
jes-3t&m

L. C. GLOVER, M. D.

ECLECTIC SYSTEM.

OFFICE,

At Virginia House, Adams Street,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

Manufactured Tobacco

OF ALL GRADES.

FOR SALE LOW by

JOHN W. DICKINSON & BRO.,
jes22-2t 329 Front street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE STATE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF NASHVILLE.

CAPITAL $200,000

FIRE, Marine, Hull and Inland Transportation Risks taken at Equitable Rates. Losses fairly adjusted and promptly paid.

JOSEPH MASH, Secretary. J. THOMAS, Vice President.
OWEN, MOORE & WEST, Agents,
Office, 324 Madison street.
jes22-2m

Saint Mary's School.

MRS. MARY E. POPE,

RETURNED to Memphis, will open her School in the house recently occupied by Mr. Hines, next door to St. Mary's Church, Fourth street, and calls of her friends to the commencement favor of past years.
jes22 jes22f

For Rent.

A BRICK RESIDENCE on Washington street, west of Bridge, containing six rooms, etc.

A NICELY PAPERED COTTAGE on Fourth street, between Court and Jefferson, of five (5) rooms, cistern, etc.

THREE FAMILY ROOMS on Court street, east of Bayou, with kitchen attached.

THREE ROOMS on Beal street.

A HOUSE OF (3) THREE ROOMS ON DUNLAP AVENUE, close to Jefferson and every way suitable for a family.

A FINE TWO STORY BRICK, on New Madison street, and well arranged for a store if desired.

C. W. POOL,
jes22f Rental and Real Estate Agent,
No. 199 Main street.

Picnic!

To be Given by Fulton Lodge No. 9, Colored Masonic.

ON MONDAY next, at the head of Vance street, there will be a Picnic for the benefit of this Order. Brass Band in attendance.

A Festival will also be given at Avery Chapel, corner of Gayoso and Hernando streets, in the evening. No admittance.

JOHN F. PERRY, Secretary.

Committee of Arrangements.

George Mosby, Chairman,
Nelson Mynatt, Henry Hayes, David Mitchell,
Augustus Bostick, Thomas Williamson, C. G. Dickinson.
jes22-2t

Worsham House.

OWING to the decline in provisions from war prices, raising my own vegetables, the general economical arrangement of the house, and more personal attention to business, I am enabled to accommodate

Transient Guests at $3 per day, and

Day Boarders at $35 per month.

Feeling desirous that my friends and the traveling public should have the advantages of any deduction that can be made in their favor, I will simply say that my Table and general hotel accommodations shall always be first class, and attention to guests equal to any hotel in the Southwest.

C. R. GALLOWAY,
jes21-1m Proprietor.

Dissolution.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between RICK, WARE & ENGEL, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Rice & Engel having bought out the interest of John S. Ware in said firm, take all of the assets and assume all of the liabilities of the same.

JOHN S. WARE,
J. ENGEL.

Referring to the above dissolution of copartnership, we give notice that the business will hereafter be continued under the same and style of RICE & ENGEL.

RICE,
J. ENGEL.
jes21-1w

Sealed Proposals.

OFFICE CITY ENGINEER,
MEMPHIS, TENN., June 21, 1867.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 9 o'clock m., of WEDNESDAY, the 26th of the present month for

Building a Sewer,

For the purpose of draining the territory bounded by Main, Beale, Shelby and Linden streets.

Specifications of this work may be seen at this office.

FRANCIS PORTER,
jes21-2t City Engineer.

Wharfage Rates.

Be it Ordained by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Memphis:

That the wharfage ordinance in relation to flatboats, barges and other water craft (steamboats excepted) be and the same is hereby so amended as to read as follows:

Flatboats measuring eighty feet or less shall pay three dollars for landing, and one dollar for each day that they remain at the landing.

The same measuring eighty to one hundred feet, four dollars for landing, and one dollar and fifty cents per day thereafter.

One hundred and one hundred and fifty feet and over, five dollars for landing, and two dollars per day thereafter.

For each day a flatboat may remain at the landing over thirty days, eight dollars.

For each day over sixty days, fifteen dollars.

Barges, and steamboat hulls used as barges, shall pay eight cents per ton, with additional privilege as to time of loading and unloading.

Approved June 20, 1867.

W. O. LOFLAND, Mayor.
Attest—L. R. RICHARDS, Register.
jes21-10t

Carroll Avenue.

Be it Ordained by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Memphis:

That the name of "Old Market street," from the bayou to Poplar street, be changed to Carroll avenue.

Passed finally June 18, 1867, and approved June 20, 1867.

W. O. LOFLAND, Mayor.
Attest—L. R. RICHARDS, Register.
jes21-10t

Medical.

MRS. BROWN, for many years associate practitioner of medicine with the late celebrated Dr. Brown, of New York, has opened an

Office No. 33 Monroe Street,

Between Main and Second, where she is prepared to treat all forms of disease, especially those of Women and Children.

Although and careful study, with large experience, qualify her for treating successfully the various phases of disease to which humanity is heir. Particularly those diseases to which females are subject, may be submitted to her with the fullest confidence in her capacity to treat them with success. Testimonials of the highest character exhibit her to the confidence of the suffering.
jes3-3m

HERNANDO

INSURANCE COMPANY

No. 12 Jefferson Street.

THIS Company is now doing a general Insurance business. The

THE DAILY AVALANCHE

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY

SUNDAY, ... JUNE 23, 1867

LOCAL NEWS.

☞ The news of the City will be found on the first and third pages. ☜

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Express Daily	10:55 P.M.	11:05 A.M.
Through Mail Daily	1:50 P.M.	2:10 P.M.
Somerville Accommodation Daily	8:35 A.M.	5:00 P.M.

MISSISSIPPI AND TENNESSEE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express	9:05 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
New Orleans Mail	4:00 P.M.	4:40 P.M.
Freight train, except Sunday	3:00 P.M.	7:00 A.M.

MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Day Express	7:30 P.M.	8:30 A.M.
Night Express	3:30 A.M.	4:30 P.M.

Ticket office, 273 Main, corner of South Court street.

The Imperial Hat at Miller & Leidy's, opposite Court Square. 3t

The entire stock of staple and fancy dry goods of B. Lowenstein & Bros. are being sold at greatly reduced prices. 2t.

Cumberland University, Lebanon Tennessee now has eleven Professors; among them Lieutenant-General A. P. Stewart, A. M. and J. M. Safford, L. L. D. Next session opens the first Monday in September. For catalogues address R. W. McDonnold, D. D. President. tf.

A rare chance for country merchants to attend the great closing out sale of damaged goods at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 213 Main street, next to Ward & LeGuere's drug store. tf

The finest hats in the city at the Memphis Hat Company's. 3t

The rush for the cheap, damaged goods is as great as in the start, hence the conclusion that M. Kraus, No. 213 Main street, near Ward & LeGuere's drug store, must sell their dry goods, clothing, etc., very cheap. tf

Dry goods marked down at B. Lowenstein & Bros. 2t.

All colors of bugle trimmings and gimp, in large variety, at Lindauer & Pollock's, No. 220 Main street. tf

Twenty-five thousand dollars worth of damaged goods, left at M. Kraus & Co., No. 213 Main street, next to Ward & LeGuere's drug store, which must be sold within thirty days, regardless of cost or value. tf

The best and cheapest clothing, without exceptions, you get at 220 Main street, Walker Bros. & Co.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH.—There will be divine services at this church at the usual hours to-day. Rev. C. C. Connor, a very superior orator and pastor of extensive reputation, will preach this morning. The pastor will preach at night. Sabbath school at nine o'clock. Young peoples' prayer meeting at four o'clock.

The Chinese Hat at the Memphis Hat Company, 269 Main street. 3t

Lace and embroidered curtains from two to fifty dollars at B. Lowenstein & Bros. 2t.

Come, all you economical housewives, and get some of the cheap, damaged goods, before they are all gone. M. Kraus & Co., No. 213 Main street, next to Ward & LeGuere's drug store, have still a few on hand, and must close them out in thirty days. tf

Thirty spring hoop skirts, for only $1. Be sure to secure one at 220 Main street. tf

Whose dry goods store is that next to Ward & LeGuere's drug store? It is M. Kraus & Co.'s damaged stock, where you can buy dry goods, clothing, boots and shoes, etc., at your own price. Must be sold in thirty days. tf

Call at Lindauer & Pollock's, 220 Main street, and examine stock, and satisfy yourself that goods are sold lower than those who advertise to sell at cost. tf

CHELSEA BAPTIST CHURCH.—Rev. A. C. Capleton enters upon his duties as pastor of this church to-day, and will preach at eleven o'clock, A.M., and eight o'clock p.m.

B. Lowenstein & Bros. have greatly reduced the prices of their entire stock of staple and fancy dry goods. 2t.

The coolest hat worn is at "Miller & Leidy's, opposite Court Square. 3t

Miles' ladies' shoes and gent's boots at prices less than any house in the city at Walker Bros. & Co.

Twenty-five thousand dollars worth of damaged dry goods, clothing, boots and shoes, are still left, and must be sold—no matter at cost or value, within thirty days, at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 213 Main street, next to Ward & LeGuere's drug store. tf

All kinds of dry goods marked down at B. Lowenstein & Bros. 2t.

The Brazilian Straw Hat at the "Memphis Hat Company's," 269 Main street. 3t

AUGUST BERTON, *Ice Cream Saloon, Confectionery and Bakery, Corner of Bangs and Poplar Streets.* Mr. Berton has, in his establishment, a splendid ice cream saloon for ladies and families. He also furnishes families with ice cream put up in ice, from a quart up. The greatest assortment of confectionaries, candies, bread and cake, all of his own manufacture, constantly on hand. 1w

Hesperian Liniment is the best remedy ever discovered for external applications. For horses it is indispensable, and no farmer should be without a supply of it. WM. D'ORSEY & CO.,
Proprietors, St. Louis, Mo.

Don't miss the rare chance to buy cheap, at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 213 Main street, next to Ward & LeGuere's, what is left of their goods, damaged by the late fire, regardless of price and value, in quantities to suit purchasers. Country merchants, planters and citizens, don't forget. tf

The Cable Panama Hat at Miller & Leidy's. 3t

Embroidered and lace curtains from two to fifty dollars a pair at B. Lowenstein & Bros. 2t.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.—On the 1st of July next I will issue distress warrants against all persons who fail to pay their taxes for the fortieth corporate year. Parties in arrears for taxes will save themselves this annoyance and expense by calling at the office and paying their taxes, as the law will be strictly enforced against delinquents.

JOHN H. BOWEN,
City Tax Collector.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., June 18, 1867. 2w

Call at B. Lowenstein & Bros. for cheap dry goods. 2t.

Solid black and figured linen lawn at Walker Bros. & Co.

Great discovery never known to fail. Hesperian Pills are the bona fide sure cure for fever and ague. They contain no poisonous or injurious drugs, and may be given to any infant with implicit confidence and safety. Price only one dollar at the drug stores.

WM. D'ORSEY & CO.,
1 Proprietors, St. Louis, Mo.

Twenty-five thousand dollars' worth of damaged dry goods, clothing, boots and shoes, etc., must be sold within thirty days, regardless of cost or value, at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 213 Main street, next to Ward & LeGuere's drug store. Country merchants, clothiers and planters attend this great closing out sale to secure great bargains. tf

Read the advertisement of B. Lowenstein & Bros. 2t.

The "Rialto Hat," new style, "Memphis Hat Company." 3t

A rare chance for citizens, country merchants and planters to secure great bargains in dry goods, boots and shoes, clothing, etc., damaged by the late fire at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 213 Main street, next to Ward & LeGuere's drug store. tf

For the cheapest dry goods of every description, and in endless variety, go to 220 Main street.

GLITTERING TEETH.—Not only does Sozodont impart the whiteness of the purest porcelain to the teeth, but its polish too. They glisten, after being brushed with it, like the inner surface of an ocean shell, and the effect of this peerless dentrifice is to render the enamel as hard and indestructible as adamant.

All kinds of dry goods selling at greatly reduced prices at B. Lowenstein & Bros. 2t.

Ventilating straw and felt hats at the "Memphis Hat Company's," 269 Main street. 3t

THE RIGHT JOB PRINTING.—There is no finer job printing done in Memphis than that of the Franklin job printing office on West Court near Main street. There is not a printer in the city who will not say that the Franklin office under the management of Mr. Stephen Toof, turns out the best kind of work, and prints circulars, cards, bill heads, pamphlets or any other kind of work promptly and on liberal terms. We commend the Franklin job office to all who want any kind of job work done.

The rush for the cheap damaged goods is a great as in the start, hence the conclusion that M. Kraus, No. 213 Main street, near Ward & LeGuere's drug store, must sell their dry goods, clothing, etc., really cheap.

Come all you economical housewives and get some of the cheap damaged goods before they are all gone. M. Kraus & Co., No. 213 Main street, next to Ward & LeGuere's drug store, have still a few on hand, and must close them out in thirty days.

Elder T. W. Caskey will preach at the Linden Street Christian Church to-day, at eleven o'clock, and at half-past eight p.m.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH.—Services at the Tabernacle by the pastor, Dr. Ford, at half-past ten a.m., commencing at the hour. Sunday school at nine a.m. At Turly Chapel five p.m.

Don't miss the rare chance to buy cheap, as M. Kraus & Co., No. 213 Main street, next to Ward & LeGuere, will sell their goods, damaged by the late fire, regardless of price and value, in quantities to suit purchasers. Country merchants, planters and citizens, don't forget. tf

Ladies fail not to attend the great closing out sale of summer dry goods at Walker Bros. & Co.

ANOTHER TURN OF THE SCREW

How the Insurance Companies are to be Treated.

It is reported that County Clerk League will next week bring up the life insurance companies with a round turn. The former and present Controller, wishing to squeeze all the money possible out of those insurance companies which belong to other States, ordered that they should be compelled to pay an exorbitant TAX. The County Clerk acted under such instructions, and several insurance companies paid promptly what was demanded, but the State Attorney General declares that the tax demanded by the Controller is ten times too much, and consequently illegal. The insurance companies, relying upon the opinion of the Attorney General, declined to pay what the Controller ordered the County Clerk to collect from them. A sharp quarrel ensued between the State officials, and neither would back down.

If the County Clerk is going, as reported, to compel the Insurance Companies to pay what the Attorney General says is illegal and excessive, it is reasonable to guess that he is not acting without express orders. Can it be that the State Controller has ordered him to push the matter? Can it be that the State Controller is determined to have taxes collected that are declared by the Attorney General to be excessive and illegal? It is said that, relying on the provisions of the Code, the County Clerk will proceed to place a lien for the tax demanded, this lien, to be placed upon the building in which the insurance companies do business.

This extreme course, contrary to the opinion of the Attorney General, must be directed by the State Controller, and if the County Clerk should, in his anxiety to please and to himself, publish the instructions that he has received.

IMPORTANT TO PLEASURE AND BUSINESS TRAVEL GOING EAST, NORTH OR NORTHWEST.—Two daily trains are run through over the Memphis and Louisville railroad line, leaving Memphis at 8:30 a.m., and 4 p.m., and running through to Louisville without change of cars. Both of the above trains connect at Louisville with Jeffersonville railroad and United States Mail line of steamers for all points East and North, and with the Illinois Central railroad at Cairo for St. Louis, and all Eastern, Western and Northern cities. Business men and those of our pleasure seekers who design to travel should not fail to call at ticket office, No. 277½ Main street, near Jefferson, where through tickets and all information can be had in regard to routes, time and connections, etc. Passengers for Philadelphia, New York or Boston, can visit Washington City and Baltimore en route, on the same through ticket, without additional cost. This line with its connections passes through important cities, affording the very best hotel accommodations in the country. Passengers for the seaboard cities or watering places, who wish to avoid a night's travel, can stop over at Clarksville, Louisville, Indianapolis, Cincinnati, Columbus, Ohio, Wheeling, Pittsburg, Cleveland or Buffalo, and resume their journey at seasonable hours in the morning. The connecting lines north of the Ohio river run from three to four through trains daily, so that passengers are not subject to the delays incident to routes running only one train daily. Mammoth Cave is situated near the line of the road. Passengers holding through tickets have the privilege of stopping over at Cave city to visit the cave, and resuming their journey at pleasure. Distance from Cave City to cave nine miles; time (two hours. Conveyances always in readiness on arrival of trains. Excellent hotel accommodations are provided, both at Cave City and at the cave. Elegant sleeping cars are run on all night trains. Baggage is checked from Memphis to Nashville, Louisville, Indianapolis, Cincinnati, Pittsburg, Cleveland, Buffalo, Chicago, St. Louis, Albany, Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. Through tickets can be procured at the ticket office, No. 277½ Main street, and at depot, head of Main street.

TABLEAUX AT THE NEW MEMPHIS THEATRE. This promises to be the most elegant and attractive affair of the kind that has ever been presented in our city. The programme, of the most select character, is under the supervision of Mrs. Thompson, and embraces scenes from the most beautiful and striking points of Shakspeare's tragedies and comedies, of popular and choice descriptions from Byron, Moore, etc., also, beautiful representations of domestic and national peculiarities. A large number of the most beautiful, lovely and charming ladies of this city have rehearsed in their various roles in the tableaux and selections of music. Having looked on the lovely pictures, we can assure our readers that an unusually fine entertainment will be furnished on the occasion. The proceeds are to be devoted to the enlargement and repairing of St. Lazarus Church. This attractive show will doubtless cause an immense audience to gather within the walls of the New Memphis Theater on next Wednesday night, which has been set apart for the purpose. Some of the ladies who are underlined for some of the finest amateurs and professors of music in our city, and we may expect them to be given with much success. Rehearsals of the tableaux, music, etc., will be had in the theater on Monday and Tuesday nights, when every one who is engaged to appear should be present. The box office will be open on Tuesday and Wednesday for the exhibition on Wednesday night, and on Thursday and Friday for the entertainment of Friday night. The programme for Friday night will be entirely changed for the last night's representations, etc., and will be made up from the scenes of Wednesday night. We again urge our readers to hold in special remembrance the interesting pleasures that are promised for their delectation, and secure their tickets early.

Laces, white goods, embroideries, at cost at 220 Main street.

THE DESOTO FOUR BOAT CLUB.—A called meeting of those gallant firemen, the Relief Fire Company No. 4, was held Friday night. It was resolved to form a row boat club to be known as the "DeSoto Four Boat Club." The organization then proceeded to the election of officers. The following gentlemen were selected: President, Wm. Faulkner; Recording Secretary, F. W. Jenny; Corresponding Secretary, Joseph Flynn. It was ordered that the proceedings be published in the DAILY MORNING AVALANCHE and the *Evening Ledger*. The meeting adjourned to reassemble in the company hall next Wednesday, when it is to be hoped there will be a full attendance. We congratulate our people upon the formation of this club, and feel sure from this organization. There is no better location for such a club than Memphis, and from the material composing this one we may expect the highest order of manly exercise.

CLOSE OF THE CUMBERLAND CHURCH FESTIVAL. The close of the delightful festival in the Cumberland Presbyterian Church was worthy of the previous evenings. The whole affair was high toned, social, courteous, elegant and tasteful. Perhaps less money was made by this course, but it has left nothing to regret, everything to be pleased with in the management, the company, the social tone. It had less excitement but a higher character. A handsome sum was realized, and social feeling cultivated, and at the close the children were exceedingly happy with the crowd, the sherbet, the ice cream, the berries and the cakes. Most of the children would like to see the festival made a permanent institution. The ladies, to whose energy this festival is to be credited, should take the wishes of the children into consideration. In the meantime they deserve the thanks of all who have enjoyed this pleasant festival.

Laces and embroidered curtains from two to fifty dollars a pair at B. Lowenstein & Bros. 2t.

CHOLERA AND ITS KINDRED DISEASES.—By the use of the Mississippi Diarrhea Cordial, diarrhea—one of the most fatal diseases known in this country—is cured in the shortest time. Dysentery is rapidly and radically cured; hence its name. It will also, when taken according to directions, most assuredly cure all cases of cholera, cholera morbus, dysentery, and all diseases of the bowels. It is prescribed by the first Western and Southern physicians, and used in the hospitals of the country as a standard remedy. Thousands of soldiers and citizens have been cured by the use of this cordial; and it may properly be termed the great medicine of the South and West. Mansfield & Higbee, sole proprietors, St. Louis.

Rev. J. W. Rogers, having recovered from recent illness, will preach on purgatory, from the Gospel of the day, at half-past ten o'clock, at St. Lazarus Church, on Madison street, between Third and Fourth. As this will be his last service before departing for the Pan Anglican Council, called by the Archbishop of Canterbury, holy communion will be administered. Rev. Dr. Wheat will supply his place until his return.

Ward & LeGuere, at 216 Main street, corner of Adams, has the reputation of making the finest soda water in the city, or, indeed, in the South. They have spared no expense to obtain suitable apparatus for that purpose. They manufacture their own soda water from one of Geo's celebrated generators, and their fountain connects with a cistern of pure water. They claim that their soda is not only superior to any in the city, but equal to any in the world.

What provision have you made for those dependent upon you, if you should be suddenly stricken down by death? No better provision could be made at so small an outlay than a policy in the Ætna Life Insurance Company, Owen, Moore & West agents, 22½ Madison street, and they will make the payments suit the stringency of the money market. Remember, they loan you a part of the premium at six per cent. per annum

Emmons & Son have laid on our table "Littell's Living Age" for June 22. It contains most interesting matter, made up of original articles and standard European publications of the day. We find that this publication is becoming largely in favor with the readers of this number, and that the enjoyment of the readers of this number, and that the enjoyment of the readers of this number, and that the enjoyment of

THE DAILY AVALANCHE

GALLAWAY, HAMPTON & CO.

R. C. GALLAWAY, } Editors and Proprietors
JOHN HAMPTON, }
W. C. JACKSON, Business Manager.

Terms of the Avalanche: Daily, per annum, in advance, $12; Weekly $2. Advertisements inserted at $1 a square for first insertion, and 50 cents each subsequent insertion, 50 cents. Twenty cents per line for special notices.

OFFICE:

In our new building, No. 22 Jefferson street, near the corner Main.

For the Avalanche.]

OH! SAY HAS THE PAST BEEN FORGOTTEN!

BY CARRIE BELL SINCLAIR.

Oh! say has the past been forgotten,
Dear friend of my happier years?
And must my sad lyre awaken
In music to sorrow and tears?
There's a whisper that breathes in the South wind
That brings me a vision of thee;
And pictured on memory's mirror
Thy beautiful image I see!

Each drooping star kisses earth's bosom,
Every bird that in sweet notes doth sing;
The flowers that blossom in beauty
To brighten the beautiful spring;
And the song of the murmuring river
Hath a spell that is wrote to me;
For the flowers, the birds and the spring time
All bring me sweet memories of thee.

Then friend of my soul I would have thee
To come with thy sweet smile again,
And let thy fond faithful caresses
Win my sad heart from sorrow and pain!
For the sweet past has not been forgotten,
Dear friend of my happier years!
And my lyre no more shall awaken
In music to sorrow and tears.

AUBURN, Ga.

COMMUTATION OF GENERAL BURKE'S SENTENCE.

The Excitement in England.

Victor Hugo's Appeal in His Behalf.

From the Correspondence of the Cincinnati Commercial.]

MANCHESTER, June 1, 1867.

This day last week the Fenian leader, Burke, was lying under sentence of death for high treason; and it then appeared to be the fixed resolve of Lord Derby's government that the condemned should suffer the extreme penalty of the law last Wednesday. Notwithstanding the assertions of the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland and the corroborative language of Ministers in Parliament, I felt convinced that our government would not dare attempt to carry their threats into execution; and the result has proved that my anticipations were correct. I have seldom, if ever, known so much excitement created on any occasion as was displayed throughout the three kingdoms in reference to this unfortunate man. The nearest approach to it was in the United States, when so widely extended an influence was brought to bear upon President Lincoln in behalf of the Slave captain, Gordon; but opinions were very much divided in regard to that offender, whereas all classes here united their efforts to obtain the reprieve of Burke. Nor was it Englishmen alone who interested themselves on the occasion; and it may well be said that the eyes of all Europe and America were upon England, watching to see if we should make a precedent to the acts of Monarchies, Haynau and Bomba. Victor Hugo, from his retreat in the Island of Guernsey, sent glowing words to Ireland—words that rang throughout England and Scotland, and shook the walls of the British Parliament. Writing on the 28th of last month, he says: "It is possible to go back a century in one day. To recede even to the political gallows.

Do you call that a thought? You have Sheridan and Fox, who founded parliamentary eloquence; you have Howard, who ventilated the prison and made punishment merciful; you have Wilberforce, who abolished slavery; you have Rowland Hill, who vivified postal circulation; you have Cobden, who created free trade; you have given to the world the colonizing impulse; you have constructed the first Atlantic cable; you are in full possession of political manhood; you exercise the grand right of citizenship magnificently in all its forms; you have a free press, free speech, freedom of conscience, freedom of association, free trade, household freedom, personal freedom; you are about, through reform, to arrive at universal suffrage; you are the land of the vote, the poll, the meeting; you are the mighty people of the habeas corpus. Well, then, to all this splendor, add this: Burke hanged, and precisely because you are the greatest of free peoples you become the least. But Victor Hugo's magnificent eloquence is too long for me to give the whole extract, and I shall, therefore, confine myself to his concluding appeal.

"Burke, McClure, McAfferty, Kelley, Joyce, Cullinan, and Gallagher, you have been tried, you have written to a prescribed man, it is needless to make yourselves black robes. Look with confidence on your children sleeping in their cradles. It is a woman in deep mourning who rules over England. A mother will not make orphans; a widow will not make widows." Victor Hugo was right; but public opinion had to make itself heard in a manifestation throughout the land before Lord Derby and the aristocracy who would listen to reason. The Government, in other words, the party now in power, seemed steadily resolved to carry out their policy; and this resolution on their part appears to have held good until Saturday night, for they were threatened with such proceedings in Parliament on Monday that, to save themselves, they were compelled to submit.

THE EFFECT UPON THE CONVICT BURKE.

Our State prisoners, the Fenians more especially, are kept closely guarded, and little transpires in reference to them outside the walls of their prisons. The little we have heard relative to General Burke since his trial has been very much in his favor, for it quite bears out his character for manliness when before his judges; and his demeanor when informed of the sparing of his life, proves him to have taken all eventualities into account ere he set forth upon his Quixotic scheme of conquest. According to the *Freeman's Journal*, as soon as the final decision of the Government had arrived at, a telegram was dispatched to the Very Rev. Canon Kennedy, the Catholic priest who has been in constant attendance upon Burke ever since the latter's examination. The "tidings of great joy" reached Mr. Kennedy while he was assiduously in the prisoner's cell, and although he was overjoyed at the news, he wisely determined to compare notes with the Governor of the jail before making the intelligence known to the condemned. The Governor, Mr. Price, had received a similar telegram, but nothing of an official character; yet as it became evident that Burke's sentence was really commuted, Mr. Kennedy very properly determined to make his information known to his friend. When he placed the telegram in Burke's hands, the latter read it without the slightest emotion, calmly observing: "It is only a matter of a few years, as I can not live long; however, I am proud of the sentence being commuted, on account of my poor old mother." Shortly afterward the official announcement came from the Lord Lieutenant, declaring "that his Excellency, on the reconsideration of the case of Thomas Burke, condemned to death, has been pleased to commute the sentence to that of penal servitude for life." So I suppose the aforesaid Thomas Burke will be shortly installed at Portland, or sent out of this country; let us hope the latter, for in this case he may have the chance of escaping to the United States, and enlightening his fellow countrymen upon the chances of Fenianism in "the old country."

MAJOR GENERAL SCHOFIELD vs. W. G. BROWNLOW.

Interesting Communication.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST MILITARY DISTRICT,
RICHMOND, VA., June 8, 1867.

To His Excellency, W. G. Brownlow, Governor of Tennessee, Nashville, Tennessee:

SIR: I have received a communication from a number of citizens of Lee county, Va., complaining of the action of bodies of men in Tennessee, who have entered the State of Virginia and forcibly seized citizens of this State and carried them into Tennessee, and imprisoned them for alleged offenses committed during the war. Among others are especially mentioned the names of E. E. Anderson, of Scott county, and M. Levason, of Lee county, Virginia.

I respectfully request that steps be taken to prevent the lawless acts complained of, and to restore to liberty persons who have been unlawfully arrested in Virginia and carried into Tennessee.

I have received from you requisitions for the rendition of several persons accused of having committed crimes in Tennessee during the war. Some of the parties claim that the acts of which they are accused were lawful acts of war, committed under recognized military authority, and that the necessary witnesses for the defense are men who were engaged in the same, or similar acts, and who would consequently be liable to arrest and imprisonment if they were to go into Tennessee as witnesses.

I have directed an investigation to be made in each of the cases referred to, and will act in accordance with the facts which may be developed.

In cases where men are indicted for crimes committed since the war, I will cause their arrest and rendition to the civil authorities of Tennessee upon your requisition. But when the acts charged were proper acts of war, done under recognized military authority, it would not be proper for me to send a citizen of Virginia to Tennessee for trial.

I hope the views I have expressed will coincide with those entertained by yourself and also by General Thomas, to whom I have addressed a letter similar in purport to this, and that we may be able to co-operate as to secure justice and prevent the repetition of acts which tend to violence and disorder.

I am, sir, very respectfully, your obedient servant, J. M. SCHOFIELD,
Brevet Major General U. S. A., Commanding District No. 1.

The Indianapolis *Herald*, of Saturday says: "Last evening, about half past 8, a man name unknown, while running to catch an Illinois street car, tripped on some obstacle on the sidewalk, and was thrown into the gutter near the north end of the Bates House. A passer by, seeing his legs protruding, drew him out, but it was too late—life had fled. The odor of the gutter and poisonous gases exhaled therefrom had destroyed him. A more horrible fate cannot be imagined."

A HERALD CORRESPONDENT IN ARKANSAS.

His Interview with Elias Rector.

A traveling correspondent of the New York *Herald*, writing from Forth Smith, says:

As a further exhibit of the prevailing political sentiment here, a fitting companion picture to the above will be a brief account of my interview with Major Rector, so widely known from his connection with the Indians as Government agent. His short, robust figure, broad, genial face, large double chin and peculiar style of wearing his hair, done up in a cue, shewing him a gentleman of the old school, have not been forgotten in Washington, where he has figured largely in years past; and neither have been forgotten the thousand and one anecdotes told of him as a singularly eccentric but most intelligent and sensible gentleman:

"That is the hell and damnation of getting old," was his opening remark as I was introduced to him. "I have to use two pairs of spectacles now, and then I can't see worth a damn." And as he said this he laid down a newspaper he was reading and shoved upon his forehead his spectacles.

He gave some very pleasant reminiscences of his past experiences among the Indians from his first coming here forty-two years ago, recited some lively anecdotes about General Scott and General Taylor, gave a humorous *resume* of his life at the National Capital, and then branched off into his views of the war and the present political situation.

"As a native of Virginia," he remarked, and a true Southern gentleman I took sides with the South during the war. I think, though, it was a fatal error not accepting the position of law. For the sake of his old time acquaintance, I may say that his countenance still shines with the same ruddy glow as of yore, and though he is reduced now-a-days to very plain homespun, his jovial good nature has out worn all the changes of fortune. I will own that before I met Letcher, I had figured him to myself as a sort of Randolph and Pistol character; but on acquaintance I found him to be a man of thorough good sense.

During our ride Governor Letcher flowed out in many reminiscences of the war, and I regret that I did not note down these recollections. I remember he said that after the secession of Virginia, (to which he was strenuously opposed,) he went very decisions that the State should not merge itself in the Confederacy, but forming an alliance offensive and defensive therewith, should retain the control of its own fortunes. They told him, "Oh, the Confederacy will pay your debts;" but he knew that Virginia was far better able to pay her own way than was the Confederacy. He claims to have first discovered the merits of Lee and Jackson, having made the former a Major General and the Commander of the Virginia military force and having commissioned the latter to a Colonelcy and sent him to command the State troops at Harper's Ferry.

In regard to Jackson, he said that for a long time Davis and the Richmond people had believed him to be no better than a lunatic, and the way in which Davis first learned to appreciate what was in him was in this wise: In the spring campaign of 1862 in the Valley, Jackson, after causing Fremont and Banks to retreat, turned on his track finding himself pursued, by two converging columns, and slipping up all other roads but the one they were on, he suddenly faced about, and dealt Fremont a staggering blow. Letcher received a dispatch announcing the victory (he was in the habit of getting earlier intelligence of Jackson's operations than was received in the War office in Richmond), went and read the message to Davis. The latter, however, would not believe the news, saying that it was impossible that a retreating army should have thus turned upon and beaten its pursuers. Letcher, however, insisted that it was true, as he knew his informant would not send anything that was not true, and told Davis that he would probably find out the verity by the morrow. Now, by the next day Jackson, having dispersed of Fremont, crossed the river, and at Port Republic overwhelmed the other pursuing column—the column of Shields, which had been pursuing on the other side of the river. Receiving a dispatch announcing this new success, Letcher again repaired to Davis' house, where he found Benjamin and Seddon, and the Cabinet at dinner, and after taking a glass of wine, he asked Davis: "Well, have you any confirmation of the news I showed you yesterday?" "Yes," replied Davis. "I received to-day one of Jackson's laconic dispatches, saying that, "by the blessing of God he had beaten the enemy!" "And now, then," rejoined Letcher, "I have another bulletin of victory for you," and handed him the message containing the news of the success at Port Republic, of which Davis had not heard. "It can't be so," exclaimed the latter; "it is impossible; it is unprecedented in all military history that an army in full retreat should thus turn upon and overwhelm two pursuing columns!" Nevertheless the confirmation again came to hand, and after that Jackson was no longer regarded as a lunatic.

The Governor also told me another fact in regard to Jackson, which I think has not been published. It concerns Jackson's resignation, it appears that at the time that officer made what he called the Bath campaign, into Western Virginia, several subordinates went to Richmond and complained grievously of Jackson, whom they pronounced crazy. In reward for this service these officers were promoted, and Jackson, learning the fact, and feeling aggrieved and outraged, sent a peremptory resignation to the Richmond War Office. Letcher, on hearing the facts, went to the office, and asking about it, was informed by Benjamin that it was so. On inquiring what they were going to do about it, Benjamin said he did not know, whereupon Letcher asked for the paper and put it in his pocket. He then wrote a letter to Jackson begging him to withdraw the resignation, telling him what he had done, and stating he should not return the paper unless he positively so ordered. After a little he got a letter from Stonewall, stating that he confided in him as a friend, and authorizing him, if he really thought fit, to withdraw the resignation. This he promptly did.

ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION OF AN EDITOR.

The Shooting of Mr. Glass at Lynchburg.

From the Mobile Advertiser and Register.]

The telegraph mentioned briefly yesterday morning that Mr. R. H. Glass, editor of the Lynchburg *Republican*, had been shot by the sons of D. E. Booker. A private dispatch from Lynchburg to a gentlemen of this city, gives the following particulars of the affair:

LYNCHBURG, June 18.

Mr. Glass is quite easy this morning. He slept well last night. The ball is supposed to have lodged behind the left ear; not yet extracted. He has every attention paid him. There is universal sympathy for him, while his antagonists are equally condemned. The following extract from the *Republican* of this morning will give you the particulars of the affair:

In Sunday morning's *Republican* was an editorial commenting on the delegates appointed from this city by a Richmond caucus to the Republican Convention. The editor spoke of the antecedents of several of them, and, among the rest, of David E. Booker in the following manner:

"Mr. David G. Booker was a ranting war man during the war, and boasted of how much he did for the cause, and of how much tobacco he had sent the gallant Confederates. He has taken the iron clad, and is the recipient of fat Federal offices, and lives on lamb and peas every day. Bully for our ancient Democratic friend Booker."

"Mr. Glass was informed on Sunday that parties were waylaying him, but paid no attention to it. Yesterday, about eleven o'clock, while passing the Second Presbyterian church, he met the two Bookers, and heard one of them say, 'There he is now.' Glass turned round, saw them approaching, and drew his pistol, when one of them said, 'Why don't you shoot?' Glass replied, 'I wish to have no difficulty, but I am prepared.' He crossed the street, sixty feet wide, and was moving down Ninth, on the opposite side, when the Bookers commenced firing, one from the corner store, the other from a point below the church. Glass then raised his pistol and fired once; before he could fire a second time he was struck and felled to the ground, the ball striking the left eye, entirely destroying that organ."

The Lynchburg *Republican* of Wednesday says: "We are happy to state that Mr. Glass' wound has so far exhibited no unfavorable symptoms, and that, considering the nature of his injury, he is doing remarkably well. He rested comfortably on Monday night, and although he suffered considerable pain during the day yesterday, his physicians regard his condition as much improved. For some distance around the wounded eye, the flesh is very much swollen, and so sensitive are the surroundings, that the physicians have yet made no attempt to discover the exact locality of the ball. It is their opinion, however, that the ball, after striking the eye, passed between the skin and bone at the corner, and ranging along in a direct course, passed over the top of the ear, and lodged in the upper part of the neck, just behind the ear.

DIFFICULTY AT OXFORD.

A Negro Killed.

We regret to hear of a serious affair at Oxford, terminating in the death of Alex. Phillips, freedman, well known in this community. The particulars, as far as we have learned them, are about as follows: Several weeks ago a difficulty occurred between Phillips and two white men, in which Phillips was pushed from the sidewalk. He complained to Mayor Cook, who had the parties arrested. At the trial, however, Phillips declined to testify, leaving the Mayor no alternative but to release the parties. Complaint was made to General Ord, who sent up an officer to investigate the matter. Mayor Cook was put under arrest, and a Court of Inquiry ordered to assemble in Oxford to try the case. Before the time arrived, however, at which the court was to meet, Phillips was killed. The particulars of his death, and whether the same parties were concerned, we have not learned. The result has been that a garrison of several hundred men now hold Oxford.—*Holly Springs Reporter.*

THE APPLETON GIFT.

Yankee Philanthropy and Cunning.

The following pungent and forcible article, which we copy from a late number of the Houston (Texas) *Telegraph*, expresses our sentiments exactly:

Those eminently philanthropic humanitarians, Messrs. D. Appleton & Co., and A. S. Barnes & Co., publishers, somewhat noted, have opened their large hearts and presented the Peabody Committee with one or two hundred thousand copies of text books for the use of the schools to be established under that most munificent gift. Now we would rather see two hundred thousand vipers uncoil themselves and crawl all over the face of our country than the same number of the Messrs. Appleton or the Messrs. Barnes text books. They are no more or less than text lessons, inculcating the most undying, malicious hatred of our people—text lessons of the vilest and most slanderous lies that were ever fabricated to instil poisonous and erroneous ideas into the pliant minds of our coming generation. We visited the "mammoth establishments" of these people, during a late Northern tour, and we glanced through some of their "publications," some of which will be of this same generous donation to the Peabody fund, and we do now most solemnly declare that, rather than see one of our Southern youth imbibe the prejudices, learn the lies, con over the slanders herein, we would see them grope on forever with only the great lessons of nature, which we avow teacheth no falsehoods, as their "text books."

We do not write this upon any ill founded prejudices formed against these houses, because of the simple fact of their Northern locality. We are now, and will be in the future, in favor of the fostering of every legitimate and laudable introduction into our midst of whatever of capital and enterprise our Northern *brethren* wish to bring to us, so long as such enterprise does not tend to create in the minds of children wrong and erroneous impressions of their own people, to teach them at the very outset of their lives to disobey one of the most sacred injunctions, "honor thy father and mother," etc.—to teach the children of Davis and Lee, and Jackson and Longstreet and Taylor, that their glorious sires were a set of "cut throats, vile traitors, designing villains," etc., etc. To parade before their eyes pictures of "rebel defeats," where there were no rebel defeats—to point out the stars and stripes, "emblem of the free," waving in victory, where there was no victory; in a word a prostitution of history—a disregard of truth and right, shameful to any other people in the world, than these same mendacious, unscrupulous Appletons, Harpers and Barneses. The attempt of their fathers to form for themselves a new Government, through causes now unnecessary to dwell upon, failed, their flag has been

"furled away forever,"

their hopes are dead, but their honesty, their fearlessness, their noble, "heaven born" patriotism must not be tortured into brands of infamy and disgrace in the eyes of the children of their loins. When we forget their heroic deeds, their years of devotion and toil and privation, when we teach the lips of our infants to murmur their names except in esteem and devotion, "may our tongues cleave to the roofs of our mouths, may this right hand forget its cunning." We are disposed to do all in our humble power to restore our unfortunate country to the former happiness and prosperity; we are willing to strike hands with all those of the North, and we know, thank God, there are many noble and glorious spirits there, unshackled by bigotry, fanaticism or prejudice, who will walk with us to that end, but from the malicious, fanatical, fratricidal, puritanical, psalm singing Appletons, Barnes' and Harpers, "Good Lord deliver us."

Reminiscences of Stonewall Jackson by Governor Letcher of Virginia.

From the Correspondence of William Swinton, the Historian, with the New York Times during a Southern tour.]

I was fortunate enough, however, for at least part of the way, to have a pleasanter mode of travel, ex-Governor Letcher having come to give me a ride to the National Bridge which is on the main road to Bonsacks, and fourteen miles from Lexington.

The latter place is the old home of the ex-Governor, who is now settled there in the practice of law. For the sake of his old time acquaintance, I may say that his countenance still shines with the same ruddy glow as of yore, and though he is reduced now-a-days to very plain homespun, his jovial good nature has out worn all the changes of fortune. I will own that before I met Letcher, I had figured him to myself as a sort of Randolph and Pistol character; but on acquaintance I found him to be a man of thorough good sense.

During our ride Governor Letcher flowed out in many reminiscences of the war, and I regret that I did not note down these recollections. I remember he said that after the secession of Virginia, (to which he was strenuously opposed,) he went very decisions that the State should not merge itself in the Confederacy, but forming an alliance offensive and defensive therewith, should retain the control of its own fortunes. They told him, "Oh, the Confederacy will pay your debts;" but he knew that Virginia was far better able to pay her own way than was the Confederacy. He claims to have first discovered the merits of Lee and Jackson, having made the former a Major General and the Commander of the Virginia military force and having commissioned the latter to a Colonelcy and sent him to command the State troops at Harper's Ferry.

In regard to Jackson, he said that for a long time Davis and the Richmond people had believed him to be no better than a lunatic, and the way in which Davis first learned to appreciate what was in him was in this wise: In the spring campaign of 1862 in the Valley, Jackson, after causing Fremont and Banks to retreat, turned on his track finding himself pursued, by two converging columns, and slipping up all other roads but the one they were on, he suddenly faced about, and dealt Fremont a staggering blow. Letcher received a dispatch announcing the victory (he was in the habit of getting earlier intelligence of Jackson's operations than was received in the War office in Richmond), went and read the message to Davis. The latter, however, would not believe the news, saying that it was impossible that a retreating army should have thus turned upon and beaten its pursuers. Letcher, however, insisted that it was true, as he knew his informant would not send anything that was not true, and told Davis that he would probably find out the verity by the morrow. Now, by the next day Jackson, having dispersed of Fremont, crossed the river, and at Port Republic overwhelmed the other pursuing column—the column of Shields, which had been pursuing on the other side of the river. Receiving a dispatch announcing this new success, Letcher again repaired to Davis' house, where he found Benjamin and Seddon, and the Cabinet at dinner, and after taking a glass of wine, he asked Davis: "Well, have you any confirmation of the news I showed you yesterday?" "Yes," replied Davis. "I received to-day one of Jackson's laconic dispatches, saying that, "by the blessing of God he had beaten the enemy!" "And now, then," rejoined Letcher, "I have another bulletin of victory for you," and handed him the message containing the news of the success at Port Republic, of which Davis had not heard. "It can't be so," exclaimed the latter; "it is impossible; it is unprecedented in all military history that an army in full retreat should thus turn upon and overwhelm two pursuing columns!" Nevertheless the confirmation again came to hand, and after that Jackson was no longer regarded as a lunatic.

The Governor also told me another fact in regard to Jackson, which I think has not been published. It concerns Jackson's resignation, it appears that at the time that officer made what he called the Bath campaign, into Western Virginia, several subordinates went to Richmond and complained grievously of Jackson, whom they pronounced crazy. In reward for this service these officers were promoted, and Jackson, learning the fact, and feeling aggrieved and outraged, sent a peremptory resignation to the Richmond War Office. Letcher, on hearing the facts, went to the office, and asking about it, was informed by Benjamin that it was so. On inquiring what they were going to do about it, Benjamin said he did not know, whereupon Letcher asked for the paper and put it in his pocket. He then wrote a letter to Jackson begging him to withdraw the resignation, telling him what he had done, and stating he should not return the paper unless he positively so ordered. After a little he got a letter from Stonewall, stating that he confided in him as a friend, and authorizing him, if he really thought fit, to withdraw the resignation. This he promptly did.

COMMERCIAL.

DAILY AVALANCHE OFFICE,
SUNDAY, June 23, 1867.

Business remains in *statu quo*. But little doing in any branch, and an air of lethargy seems to pervade everything. No decided improvement can be reasonably expected until the crops begin to come in. It is time the wheat fields should yield their golden wealth, and there can be no better or more desirable market than Memphis. Its accessibility and central location, as well as important position, indicate it as the great entrepot for grain as well as cotton, for all the surrounding country. Prices are nominal and unsettled. Breadstuffs are fluctuating, but a slight decline is perceptible. The weather was excessively oppressive yesterday, with a feeble attempt to shower, which was quickly nipped in the bud after a few drops had fallen.

Cotton.—The market yesterday was dull and inactive, with few inquiries, light offerings and limited transactions. Holders were holding firm and asking full prices for fine grades, which are scarce. Sales for the day not small, with ordinary at 24@24½c; strict middling, 23@23½c; ordinaries, from 16 to 20c. The market closed quiet, with prices nominal. The Liverpool market was reported dull and quiet, with prices tending downwards; uplands, 11½@11¼d; Orleans, 11½d; sales for the day, 10,000 bales. The New York market was reported dull and nominal at uplands, 26½@27c; Orleans, 27½c.

Ordinary	17 @18
Good ordinary	20 @21
Low middling	23 @23½
Middling	24 @25
Strict middling	25 @26
Good middling	25 @26

GENERAL MARKET.

[NOTE.—Our quotations are the wholesale prices unless otherwise stated. In filling orders for the city or country trade an advance of three to five per cent. is obtained.]

Corn.—The market yesterday was quiet but steady, with a small jobbing trade doing and a good supply on hand. Prices were weak and unsettled. Choice white and yellow on the levee ruled at 92@97c; in store at $1 02@1 05. Mixed and inferior ruled at 87½@90c.

Oats.—Steady, with a small trade doing; choice, on the levee, ruled at 75@80c; in store at 82@85c.

Cornmeal.—Steady, with sales of kiln dried at $4 50@5.

Hay.—Dull and inactive, with a large supply on the market. Prime timothy, on the levee, ruled at $22 50@25; in store, $24@25; lower grades ruled at irregular rates.

Chickens.—Spring are in demand with small receipts, selling at $5 00@8 00 ℔ dozen. Old are in fair supply, selling at $6 50@7 00 ℔ dozen.

Butter.—Quiet, with a large stock on the market. Choice yellow ruled at 27@28c; new yellow, 23@24c; common, 15@20c.

Provisions.—Mess pork rules dull in large lots at $23 50@24; in small lots at $24 50; prime is nominal and it light request at $22@23 50.

Bacon.—Steady. Clear sides ruled at 13@13½c; clear ribbed sides, 12@12½; ribbed sides, 11½@12½c; shoulders, 9½@10½; canvassed hams, 14@16½c; plain hams, at 13@13½c; breakfast bacon, 15@15½c.

Eggs.—In fair demand, with small receipts, with sales at 21@22c.

Flour.—Continues quiet and unchanged, with a small trade doing; superfine, $10@12; extra, 13@14; double extra, $15@18; fancy, $17@19.

Lard.—Quiet and steady. Keg leaf, 13½@14½c; tierce, 12½@13c.

Paints, Oils, etc.—The market is inactive. We quote white lead, as to quality, 12@16c; American zinc, 9@10c; French zinc, 13@16c; linseed oil, $1 60; turpentine, $1 10; dryers, 15c; putty, 7½@8c.

Grease.—In demand, at 7@7½c per pound for shipment.

Gunpowder.—Inactive and nominally $10 per keg; $5 50 per half keg; $3 25 per quarter keg.

Leather.—Quiet and steady. Oak sole, 40@43c; hemlock, 40@42c; harness, 38@42c; skirting, 45@48c; uppers, per dozen, $35 50; French calf, $60@72; American calf, $42@54.

Fish.—Quiet, with a fair jobbing trade doing. North Carolina white shad, half barrels, $10; family Roe herrings, half barrel, $10; cut herrings, per barrel, $16; Mackerel, No. 1, per bbl, $25; per half bbl, $13@13 50; per kit, $6@6 50; No. 2 per bbl, $21; per half bbl, $11; per kit $5 75; No. 3 per bbl, $18@19; per half bbl, $10; per kit, $5 50@5 60. White fish, per half bbl, $7@9. Dried cod per lb, 8@9c. Dried herrings per box, 50c. Cheese—Nominal; Western Reserve 17@18c.

Bran—Firm and steady at $48@49 per ton.

Apples—Steady and firm at $8@10 per bbl.

Coffee.—Market steady with a small trade doing; Rio, 26@26½; Laguira, 26@26½; Java, 40@44c.

Molasses.—Market inactive, with a small trade doing. New Orleans 80 to 90; Sorghum at 65 to 75c. Syrups 80c to $1 10.

Sugar.—Steady and quiet. Orleans 13¼ to 16c; crushed and powdered 17@17¾c; coffee sugars 15 to 16½c; yellow refined 13 to 15c.

Tobacco.—In good demand, with few of the old crop on the market, which are selling at 30@36 per barrel; new in fair supply, selling at 26@36 50 per barrel.

Onions.—In fair demand at $3 50@4 50 per brl.

Beans.—Quiet at $3 25@3 50 per brl for prime navy.

Rice.—Quiet at 11¼@12¾c per lb.

Salt.—Dull at $2 75@3 per brl.

Tallow.—9@10c per lb.

Tar.—Quiet at $6 50 per keg.

Turpentine.—Firm at $1@1 10 per gallon.

Candles.—Dull and quiet at 16c for light weights.

White Lead.—Steady at 12 to 16c per lb.

Wool.—In fair demand; unwashed, 20@28c; washed, 30@40c per lb.

Whisky.—Market dull at $2 75@3 per brl.

Bourbon, $3 50@4 25.

Tobacco.—There is a good demand for all grades and prices unchanged. A fine stock is on hand and new supplies are received daily. We quote natural leaf at $1 20@1 30; fancy Virginia, new, $1 00@1 25; fine bright, 95c@$1 00; common bright, 70@85c; fine fancy smoking, 75c@$1 50.

Brimstone—Nominal and nothing doing.

Cement—Quiet at $3 25@3 50; Rosendale, $4 25@4 50.

Hides—In fair demand; flint, 17c; salted, 10@10½c; green, 8@8½c.

HOTELS.

COMMERCIAL HOTEL

Cor. Front and Jefferson.

HAVING purchased the Interest of Captain J. W. MANSHIP in this establishment, in entering upon the duties as Proprietor, I promise that in the future, as in the past, our table will always be supplied with

THE BEST THE MARKET AFFORDS,

While especial attention will be paid to the general comfort of the guests. My aim is to keep

A FIRST-CLASS HOTEL OR NONE.

D. BRYSON,
Proprietor

LOOKOUT MOUNTAIN HOUSE,

Summit of Lookout Mountain.

THIS favorite summer resort will be opened for the accommodation of guests

ON THE 15th DAY OF MAY NEXT.

THE Proprietors desire to call the attention of their patrons and parties interested in spending the summer months in this delightful and historical region, that they have spared no pains in fitting up at great expense for their accommodation Telegraph and Express offices, Billiard rooms, and such other amusements usually found at first-class summer resorts, while the table will be supplied with the best the country affords, comparing favorably with the best hotels in the country.

Persons desirous of obtaining further information will address COOPER & JAMES,
apr30-tf Chattanooga, Tenn.

Columbus (Ga.) Sun, Montgomery (Ala.) Advertiser, Selma (Ala.) Times, and New Orleans (La.) Picayune, copy and send bill to Proprietors, at Chattanooga.

IUKA SPRINGS HOTEL

IS NOW OPEN FOR THE

ACCOMMODATION OF VISITORS.

A new House with forty rooms has been added to the large Hotel, with all modern improvements.

Billiard Tables, Ten-pin Alleys, Bath Rooms, Swings, Etc.,

Good health, the best Water in the world, superb music, magnificent ball room, fine hunting and fishing, and every inducement to pleasure, health and comfort. Ho.

115 *miles east of Memphis, on Memphis and Charleston Railroad.*

With two daily trains, telegraph, etc. Rooms can be engaged of T. J. CRAFT & CO., No. 36 Main street.
apr19-2m PATTERSON, WRIGHT & CO., Proprietors.

Alleghany Springs, Montgomery Co., Virginia.

THIS celebrated Watering Place having undergone thorough repairs, and been furnished in every department with entirely new and first class furniture, will be opened for the reception of visitors on the 15th day of June.

The reputation of this water is so extensive and so firmly established that it is useless to enumerate the particular diseases for which it is a specific. The proprietor have endeavored to make it as attractive as any Watering Place in the mountains of Virginia.

Comfortable coaches will meet each train at Shawsville for the conveyance of passengers to the Springs. The proprietor's partner will be assisted in the management by a gentleman of experience, and no pains spared to render visitors comfortable.

jn1-6mos C. A. CALLHOUN, Agent.

ST. JAMES HOTEL,

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

W. A. HURD, of New Orleans,
W. F. CORKERY of Spotswood Hotel, Richmond, Va.
PROPRIETORS.

FRIENDS AND STRANGERS ARE INVITED TO

PATRONIZE THIS ESTABLISHMENT

ALL facilities offered by other homes can be found in it. Fare equal.

Telegraphic Communication

Can be held with any section of the country from the Hotel office.
mh28-1m

RALEIGH SPRINGS.

FRANKLIN HOUSE.

HAVING made additions to the above House, and secured other conveniences and comfortable rooms in connection therewith, the undersigned will open the same

On the 18th Day of May Next,

For the accommodation of the public generally, and parties desirous of spending the summer months in this delightful and healthy and delightfully perfumed, and in the most complete section of the kind ever offered to the public. The Celebrated Crisper Coma will be sent to any address, sealed and post-paid, for $1.

Address all orders to W. L. CLARK & CO., Chemists,
mh21 No. 3 West Fayette, street, Syracuse, N. Y.

ASTROLOGY.

THE WORLD ASTONISHED

At the wonderful revelations made by the great Astrologist

Madame H. A. PERRIGO.

SHE reveals secrets no mortal ever knew. She restores to happiness those who, from doubtful events, catastrophies, or other causes, have become separated. Those who, from any cause, have become despondent, she brings together these long separated, gives information concerning absent friends or lovers, causes speedy marriages and tells you the very day you will be married, gives you the name, likeness and characteristics of the person. She reveals the secret of enemies, tells you how to defeat pernicious persons invoking the dark and hidden mysteries of nature. She reveals the secret of gaining the affections of any object desired, no matter how obstinate or prejudiced in the contemplation, she stands that overcomes or prejudices in the consideration. Those unfortunate in business, she tells you the cause, and how to overcome it. Those who are unhappy in the married life, she reveals the influence in the heavens at the time of birth, she defines the future destiny of man, and if not to commit the greatest Astrologer on earth. She only requires the date of birth, and gives her advice as spiritually, Consultation fee, with Nativity, $3. Nativity and future life, with directions for obtaining the greatest success in life, $5. Nativity and future life, with Horoscope for one year, $10. Nativity and future life, with Horoscope for five years, $25. Nativity and future life, with Horoscope for ten years, $50. Nativity and future life, with Horoscope for twenty years, $100. Nativity and future life, with Horoscope for fifty years, $250. Nativity and future life, with Horoscope for one hundred years, $500. Nativity and future life, with Horoscope for one thousand years, $1,000. Nativity and future life, with Horoscope for one million years, $10,000. Nativity and future life, with Horoscope for one billion years, $100,000. Nativity and future life, with Horoscope for one trillion years, $1,000,000. Nativity and future life, with Horoscope for one quadrillion years, $10,000,000. Nativity and future life, with Horoscope for one quintillion years, $100,000,000. Nativity and future life, with Horoscope for one sextillion years, $1,000,000,000. Nativity and future life, with Horoscope for one septillion years, $10,000,000,000. Nativity and future life, with Horoscope for one octillion years, $100,000,000,000. Nativity and future life, with Horoscope for one nonillion years, $1,000,000,000,000. Nativity and future life, with Horoscope for one decillion years, $10,000,000,000,000. Nativity and future life, with Horoscope for one undecillion years, $100,000,000,000,000. Nativity and future life, with Horoscope for one duodecillion years, $1,000,000,000,000,000. 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